

HOUSE BILL No. 1229

DIGEST OF HB 1229 (Updated January 28, 2004 1:16 pm - DI 107)

Citations Affected: IC 4-6; IC 5-20; IC 23-2; IC 24-9; IC 34-7; IC 36-2; noncode.

Synopsis: Home loan practices. Restricts certain lending acts and practices. Establishes the homeowner protection unit in the office of the attorney general. Provides enforcement procedures for deceptive mortgage acts. Establishes a \$3 mortgage recording fee. Requires the Indiana housing finance authority to provide home ownership training programs. Provides that certain provisions do not apply to certain financial institutions. Makes changes to the definition of a high cost home loan. Prohibits certain lending practices.

Effective: Upon passage; July 1, 2004.

Bardon, Crawford, Pond, Burton

January 20, 2004, read first time and referred to Committee on Judiciary. January 29, 2004, amended, reported — Do Pass.





Second Regular Session 113th General Assembly (2004)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2003 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

C

HOUSE BILL No. 1229

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning trade regulations; consumer sales and credit and to make an appropriation.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 4-6-3-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2002
SECTION 24, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 3. If the attorney general has reasonable cause to
believe that a person may be in possession, custody, or control of
documentary material, or may have knowledge of a fact that is relevan
to an investigation conducted to determine if a person is or has beer
engaged in a violation of IC 4-6-9, IC 4-6-10, IC 13-14-10
IC 13-14-12, IC 13-24-2, IC 13-30-4, IC 13-30-5, IC 13-30-6
IC 13-30-8, IC 23-7-8, IC 24-1-2, IC 24-5-0.5, IC 24-5-7, IC 24-5-8
IC 24-9, IC 25-1-7, IC 32-34-1, or any other statute enforced by the
attorney general, only the attorney general may issue in writing, and
cause to be served upon the person or the person's representative or
agent, an investigative demand that requires that the person served do
any combination of the following:

- (1) Produce the documentary material for inspection and copying or reproduction.
- (2) Answer under oath and in writing written interrogatories.



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HB 1229—LS 7315/DI 108+





1	(3) Appear and testify under oath before the attorney general or
2	the attorney general's duly authorized representative.
3	SECTION 2. IC 4-6-12 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS
4	A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
5	1, 2004]:
6	Chapter 12. Homeowner Protection Unit
7	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "unit" refers to the homeowner
8	protection unit established under this chapter.
9	Sec. 2. The attorney general shall establish a homeowner
10	protection unit to enforce IC 24-9 and to carry out this chapter.
11	Sec. 3. The unit shall do the following:
12	(1) Investigate deceptive acts in connection with mortgage
13	lending.
14	(2) Investigate violations of IC 24-9.
15	(3) Institute appropriate administrative and civil actions to
16	redress:
17	(A) deceptive acts in connection with mortgage lending;
18	and
19	(B) violations of IC 24-5-0.5 and IC 24-9.
20	(4) Cooperate with federal, state, and local law enforcement
21	agencies in the investigation of:
22	(A) deceptive acts in connection with mortgage lending;
23	(B) criminal violations involving deceptive acts in
24	connection with mortgage lending; and
25	(C) violations of IC 24-5-0.5 and IC 24-9.
26	(5) Adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to implement this chapter.
27	Sec. 4. (a) The following shall cooperate with the unit to
28	implement this chapter:
29	(1) The Indiana professional licensing agency and the
30	appropriate licensing boards with respect to persons licensed
31	under IC 25.
32	(2) The department of financial institutions.
33	(3) The department of insurance with respect to the sale of
34	insurance in connection with mortgage lending.
35	(4) The securities division of the office of the secretary of
36	state.
37	(5) The supreme court disciplinary commission with respect
38	to attorney misconduct.
39	(6) The Indiana housing finance authority.
40	(7) The department of state revenue.
41	(8) The state police department.
42	(9) A prosecuting attorney.



1	(b) Notwithstanding IC 5-14-3, the entities listed in subsection
2	(a) may share information with the unit.
3	Sec. 5. The attorney general may file complaints with any of the
4	entities listed in section 4 of this chapter to carry out this chapter
5	and IC 24-9.
6	Sec. 6. The establishment of the unit and the unit's powers does
7	not limit the jurisdiction of an entity described in section 4 of this
8	chapter.
9	Sec. 7. The attorney general and an investigator of the unit may
10	do any of the following when conducting an investigation under
11	section 3 of this chapter:
12	(1) Issue and serve a subpoena for the production of records,
13	including records stored in electronic data processing systems,
14	for inspection by the attorney general or the investigator.
15	(2) Issue and serve a subpoena for the appearance of a person
16	to provide testimony under oath.
17	(3) Apply to a court with jurisdiction to enforce a subpoena
18	described in subdivision (1) or (2).
19	Sec. 8. The unit shall cooperate with the Indiana housing finance
20	authority in the development and implementation of the home
21	ownership training programs established under IC 5-20-1-15.5.
22	Sec. 9. The attorney general shall make recommendations to the
23	general assembly for appropriate legislation to address:
24	(1) deceptive acts in connection with mortgage lending; and
25	(2) violations of IC 24-9.
26	Sec. 10. (a) The homeowner protection unit account within the
27	general fund is established to support the operations of the unit.
28	The account is administered by the attorney general.
29	(b) The homeowner protection unit account consists of fees
30	collected under IC 24-9-8.
31	(c) The expenses of administering the homeowner protection
32	unit account shall be paid from money in the account.
33	(d) The treasurer of state shall invest the money in the
34	homeowner protection unit account not currently needed to meet
35	the obligations of the account in the same manner as other public
36	money may be invested.
37	(e) Interest earned on investments under subsection (d) shall be
38	credited to the homeowner protection unit account when received.
39	(f) Money in the homeowner protection unit account at the end
40	of a state fiscal year does not revert to the state general fund.
41	(g) There is annually appropriated to the attorney general from
42	the homeowner protection unit account money sufficient for



1	carrying out the purposes of this chapter and IC 24-9.
2	SECTION 3. IC 5-20-1-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
3	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 4. (a) The authority has all of the
4	powers necessary or convenient to carry out and effectuate the purposes
5	and provisions of this chapter including the power:
6	(1) to make or participate in the making of construction loans to
7	sponsors of multiple family residential housing that is federally
8	assisted or assisted by a government sponsored enterprise, such
9	as the Federal National Mortgage Association, the Federal Home
10	Loan Mortgage Corporation, or the Federal Agricultural Mortgage
11	Corporation, the Federal Home Loan Bank, and other similar
12	entities approved by the authority;
13	(2) to make or participate in the making of mortgage loans to
14	sponsors of multiple family residential housing that is federally
15	assisted or assisted by a government sponsored enterprise, such
16	as the Federal National Mortgage Association, the Federal Home
17	Loan Mortgage Corporation, or the Federal Agricultural Mortgage
18	Corporation, the Federal Home Loan Bank, and other similar
19	entities approved by the authority;
20	(3) to purchase or participate in the purchase from mortgage
21	lenders of mortgage loans made to persons of low and moderate
22	income for residential housing;
23	(4) to make loans to mortgage lenders for the purpose of
24	furnishing funds to such mortgage lenders to be used for making
25	mortgage loans for persons and families of low and moderate
26	income. However, the obligation to repay loans to mortgage
27	lenders shall be general obligations of the respective mortgage
28	lenders and shall bear such date or dates, shall mature at such
29	time or times, shall be evidenced by such note, bond, or other
30	certificate of indebtedness, shall be subject to prepayment, and
31	shall contain such other provisions consistent with the purposes
32	of this chapter as the authority shall by rule or resolution
33	determine;
34	(5) to collect and pay reasonable fees and charges in connection
35	with making, purchasing, and servicing of its loans, notes, bonds,
36	commitments, and other evidences of indebtedness;
37	(6) to acquire real property, or any interest in real property, by
38	conveyance, including purchase in lieu of foreclosure, or
39	foreclosure, to own, manage, operate, hold, clear, improve, and
40	rehabilitate such real property and sell, assign, exchange, transfer,
41	convey, lease, mortgage, or otherwise dispose of or encumber

such real property where such use of real property is necessary or



1	appropriate to the purposes of the authority;
2	(7) to sell, at public or private sale, all or any part of any mortgage
3	or other instrument or document securing a construction loan, a
4	land development loan, a mortgage loan, or a loan of any type
5	permitted by this chapter;
6	(8) to procure insurance against any loss in connection with its
7	operations in such amounts and from such insurers as it may deem
8	necessary or desirable;
9	(9) to consent, subject to the provisions of any contract with
10	noteholders or bondholders which may then exist, whenever it
11	deems it necessary or desirable in the fulfillment of its purposes
12	to the modification of the rate of interest, time of payment of any
13	installment of principal or interest, or any other terms of any
14	mortgage loan, mortgage loan commitment, construction loan,
15	loan to lender, or contract or agreement of any kind to which the
16	authority is a party;
17	(10) to enter into agreements or other transactions with any
18	federal, state, or local governmental agency for the purpose of
19	providing adequate living quarters for such persons and families
20	in cities and counties where a need has been found for such
21	housing;
22	(11) to include in any borrowing such amounts as may be deemed
23	necessary by the authority to pay financing charges, interest on
24	the obligations (for a period not exceeding the period of
25	construction and a reasonable time thereafter or if the housing is
26	completed, two (2) years from the date of issue of the
27	obligations), consultant, advisory, and legal fees and such other
28	expenses as are necessary or incident to such borrowing;
29	(12) to make and publish rules respecting its lending programs
30	and such other rules as are necessary to effectuate the purposes of
31	this chapter;
32	(13) to provide technical and advisory services to sponsors,
33	builders, and developers of residential housing and to residents
34	and potential residents, including housing selection and purchase
35	procedures, family budgeting, property use and maintenance,
36	household management, and utilization of community resources;
37	(14) to promote research and development in scientific methods
38	of constructing low cost residential housing of high durability;
39	(15) to encourage community organizations to participate in
40	residential housing development;
41	(16) to make, execute, and effectuate any and all agreements or
12	other documents with any governmental agency or any person



1	corporation, association, partnership, limited liability company,
2	or other organization or entity necessary or convenient to
3	accomplish the purposes of this chapter;
4	(17) to accept gifts, devises, bequests, grants, loans,
5	appropriations, revenue sharing, other financing and assistance,
6	and any other aid from any source whatsoever and to agree to, and
7	to comply with, conditions attached thereto;
8	(18) to sue and be sued in its own name, plead and be impleaded;
9	(19) to maintain an office in the city of Indianapolis and at such
10	other place or places as it may determine;
11	(20) to adopt an official seal and alter the same at pleasure;
12	(21) to adopt and from time to time amend and repeal bylaws for
13	the regulation of its affairs and the conduct of its business and to
14	prescribe rules and policies in connection with the performance
15	of its functions and duties;
16	(22) to employ fiscal consultants, engineers, attorneys, real estate
17	counselors, appraisers, and such other consultants and employees
18	as may be required in the judgment of the authority and to fix and
19	pay their compensation from funds available to the authority
20	therefor;
21	(23) to invest any funds held in reserve or in sinking fund
22	accounts or any money not required for immediate disbursement
23	in obligations of the state, the United States, or their agencies or
24	instrumentalities and such other obligors as may be permitted
25	under the terms of any resolution authorizing the issuance of the
26	authority's obligations;
27	(24) to make or participate in the making of construction loans,
28	mortgage loans, or both, to individuals, partnerships, limited
29	liability companies, corporations, and organizations for the
30	construction of residential facilities for the developmentally
31	disabled or for the mentally ill or for the acquisition or renovation,
32	or both, of a facility to make it suitable for use as a new
33	residential facility for the developmentally disabled or for the
34	mentally ill;
35	(25) to make or participate in the making of construction and
36	mortgage loans to individuals, partnerships, corporations, limited
37	liability companies, and organizations for the construction,
38	rehabilitation, or acquisition of residential facilities for children;
39	(26) to purchase or participate in the purchase of mortgage loans
40	from:
41	(A) public utilities (as defined in IC 8-1-2-1); or
42	(B) municipally owned gas utility systems organized under



1	IC 8-1.5;
2	if those mortgage loans were made for the purpose of insulating
3	and otherwise weatherizing single family residences in order to
4	conserve energy used to heat and cool those residences;
5	(27) to provide financial assistance to mutual housing
6	associations (IC 5-20-3) in the form of grants, loans, or a
7	combination of grants and loans for the development of housing
8	for low and moderate income families; and
9	(28) to service mortgage loans made or acquired by the authority
10	and to impose and collect reasonable fees and charges in
11	connection with such servicing; and
12	(29) to identify, promote, assist, and fund home ownership
13	training programs throughout Indiana, and adopt rules under
14	IC 4-22-2 governing certification procedures and counseling
15	requirements for nonprofit home ownership counselors.
16	(b) The authority shall structure and administer any program
17	conducted under subsection (a)(3) or (a)(4) in order to assure that no
18	mortgage loan shall knowingly be made to a person whose adjusted
19	family income shall exceed one hundred twenty-five percent (125%)
20	of the median income for the geographic area within which the person
21	resides and at least forty percent (40%) of the mortgage loans so
22	financed shall be for persons whose adjusted family income shall be
23	below eighty percent (80%) of the median income for such area.
24	(c) In addition to the powers set forth in subsection (a), the authority
25	may, with the proceeds of bonds and notes sold to retirement plans
26	covered by IC 5-10-1.7, structure and administer a program of
27	purchasing or participating in the purchasing from mortgage lenders of
28	mortgage loans made to qualified members of retirement plans and
29	other individuals. The authority shall structure and administer any
30	program conducted under this subsection to assure that:
31	(1) each mortgage loan is made as a first mortgage loan for real
32	property:
33	(A) that is a single family dwelling, including a condominium
34	or townhouse, located in Indiana;
35	(B) for a purchase price of not more than ninety-five thousand
36	dollars (\$95,000);
37	(C) to be used as the purchaser's principal residence; and
38	(D) for which the purchaser has made a down payment in an
39	amount determined by the authority;
40	(2) no mortgage loan exceeds seventy-five thousand dollars
41	(\$75,000);

(3) any bonds or notes issued which are backed by mortgage loans



1	purchased by the authority under this subsection shall be offered
2	for sale to the retirement plans covered by IC 5-10-1.7; and
3	(4) qualified members of a retirement plan shall be given
4	preference with respect to the mortgage loans that in the
5	aggregate do not exceed the amount invested by their retirement
6	plan in bonds and notes issued by the authority that are backed by
7	mortgage loans purchased by the authority under this subsection.
8	(d) As used in this section, "a qualified member of a retirement
9	plan" means an active or retired member:
10	(1) of a retirement plan covered by IC 5-10-1.7 that has invested
11	in bonds and notes issued by the authority that are backed by
12	mortgage loans purchased by the authority under subsection (c);
13	and
14	(2) who for a minimum of two (2) years preceding the member's
15	application for a mortgage loan has:
16	(A) been a full-time state employee, teacher, judge, police
17	officer, or firefighter;
18	(B) been a full-time employee of a political subdivision
19	participating in the public employees' retirement fund;
20	(C) been receiving retirement benefits from the retirement
21	plan; or
22	(D) a combination of employment and receipt of retirement
23	benefits equaling at least two (2) years.
24	(e) Beginning with the 1991 program year, the authority, when
25	directed by the governor, shall administer:
26	(1) the rental rehabilitation program established by the Housing
27	Assistance Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437o); and
28	(2) federal funds allocated to the rental rehabilitation program
29	under the Housing Assistance Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437o).
30	(f) The authority may contract with the division of family and
31	children and the department of commerce so that the authority may
32	administer the program and funds described under subsection (e) for
33	program years before 1991.
34	SECTION 4. IC 5-20-1-15.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
35	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
36	1, 2004]: Sec. 15.5. (a) The authority shall:
37	(1) identify, promote, assist, and fund home ownership
38	training programs throughout Indiana; and
39	(2) adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 governing certification
40	procedures and counseling requirements for nonprofit home
41	ownership counselors operating under programs under



42

subdivision (1).

1	(b) The following shall cooperate with the authority to
2	implement this section:
3	(1) The Indiana professional licensing agency and the
4	appropriate licensing boards with respect to persons licensed
5 6	under IC 25. (2) The department of financial institutions.
7	(3) The department of insurance with respect to the sale of
8	insurance in connection with mortgage lending.
9	(4) The securities division of the office of the secretary of
10	state.
11	(5) The attorney general.
12	(6) The department of state revenue.
13	(7) The state police department.
14	SECTION 5. IC 5-20-1-15.6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
15	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
16	1, 2004]: Sec. 15.6. (a) The home ownership training account within
17	the state general fund is established to support the home ownership
18	training programs established under section 15.5 of this chapter.
19	The account is administered by the authority.
20	(b) The home ownership training account consists of fees
21	collected under IC 24-9-8.
22	(c) The expenses of administering the home ownership training
23	account shall be paid from money in the fund.
24	(d) The treasurer of state shall invest the money in the home
25	ownership training account not currently needed to meet the
26	obligations of the account in the same manner as other public
27	money may be invested.
28	(e) Interest earned on investments under subsection (d) shall be
29	credited to the home ownership training account when received.
30	(f) Money in the home ownership training account at the end of
31	a state fiscal year does not revert to the state general fund.
32	(g) There is annually appropriated to the authority from the
33	home ownership training account an amount sufficient for
34	carrying out the purposes of section 15.5 of this chapter.
35	SECTION 6. IC 23-2-5-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.115-2001,
36	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
37	JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 3. (a) As used in this chapter, "certificate of
38	registration" means a certificate issued by the commissioner
39 40	authorizing an individual to engage in origination activities on behalf of a licensee.
40 41	(b) As used in this chapter, "creditor" means a person:
41	(v) As used in this chapter, creditor means a person.

(1) that loans funds of the person in connection with a loan; and



1	(2) to whom the loan is initially payable on the face of the note or	
2	contract evidencing the loan.	
3	(c) As used in this chapter, "license" means a license issued by the	
4	commissioner authorizing a person to engage in the loan brokerage	
5	business.	
6	(d) As used in this chapter, "licensee" means a person that is issued	
7	a license under this chapter.	
8	(e) As used in this chapter, "loan broker" means any person who, in	
9	return for any consideration from any person, promises to procure a	
10	loan for any person or assist any person in procuring a loan from any	
11	third party, or who promises to consider whether or not to make a loan	
12	to any person. "Loan broker" does not include:	
13	(1) any bank, savings bank, trust company, savings association,	
14	credit union, or any other financial institution that is:	
15	(A) regulated by any agency of the United States or any state;	
16	and	
17	(B) regularly actively engaged in the business of making	
18	consumer loans that are not secured by real estate or taking	
19	assignment of consumer sales contracts that are not secured by	
20	real estate;	
21	(2) any person authorized to sell and service loans for the	
22	Indiana housing finance authority, the Federal National	
23	Mortgage Association, or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage	
24	Corporation, issue securities backed by the Government National	
25	Mortgage Association, make loans insured by the United States	
26	Department of Housing and Urban Development, act as a	
27	supervised lender or nonsupervised automatic lender of the	
28	United States Department of Veterans Affairs, or act as a	
29	correspondent of loans insured by the United States Department	
30	of Housing and Urban Development;	
31	(3) any insurance company; or	
32	(4) any person arranging financing for the sale of the person's	
33	product; or	
34	(5) any community development corporation (as defined in	
35	IC 4-4-28-2).	
36	(f) As used in this chapter, "loan brokerage business" means a	
37	person acting as a loan broker.	
38	(g) As used in this chapter, "origination activities" means	
39	establishing the terms or conditions of a loan with a borrower or	
40	prospective borrower.	
41	(h) As used in this chapter, "person" means an individual, a	

partnership, a trust, a corporation, a limited liability company, a limited



1	liability partnership, a sole proprietorship, a joint venture, a joint stock
2	company, or another group or entity, however organized.
3	(i) As used in this chapter, "registrant" means an individual who is
4	registered to engage in origination activities under this chapter.
5	(j) As used in this chapter, "ultimate equitable owner" means a
6	person who, directly or indirectly, owns or controls any ownership
7	interest in a person, regardless of whether the person owns or controls
8	the ownership interest through one (1) or more other persons or one (1)
9	or more proxies, powers of attorney, or variances.
10	SECTION 7. IC 23-2-5-19, AS AMENDED BY P.L.230-1999,
11	SECTION 11, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
12	JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 19. (a) The following persons are exempt from the
13	requirements of sections 4, 5, 6, 9, 10, 17, and 18 of this chapter:
14	(1) Any attorney while engaging in the practice of law.
15	(2) Any certified public accountant, public accountant, or
16	accountant practitioner holding a certificate or registered under
17	IC 25-2.1 while performing the practice of accountancy (as
18	defined by IC 25-2.1-1-10).
19	(3) Any person licensed as a real estate broker or salesperson
20	under IC 25-34.1 to the extent that the person is rendering loan
21	related services in the ordinary course of a transaction in which a
22	license as a real estate broker or salesperson is required.
23	(4) Any broker-dealer, agent, or investment advisor registered
24	under IC 23-2-1.
25	(5) Any person that:
26	(A) procures;
27	(B) promises to procure; or
28	(C) assists in procuring;
29	a loan that is not subject to the Truth in Lending Act (15 U.S.C.
30	1601 through 1667e).
31	(6) Any community development corporation (as defined in
32	IC 4-4-28-2).
33	(7) The Indiana housing finance authority.
34	(8) Any person who is a creditor, or proposed to be a creditor, for
35	any loan.
36	(b) As used in this chapter, "bona fide third party fee" includes fees
37	for the following:
38	(1) Credit reports, investigations, and appraisals performed by a
39	person who holds a license or certificate as a real estate appraiser
40	under IC 25-34.1-8.
41 12	(2) If the loan is to be secured by real property, title examinations,
1 /	an anciroat at title title incurance a property curvey, and cimilar



1	purposes.	
2	(3) The services provided by a loan broker in procuring possible	
3	business for a lending institution if the fees are paid by the	
4	lending institution.	
5	(c) As used in this section, "successful procurement of a loan"	
6	means that a binding commitment from a creditor to advance money	
7	has been received and accepted by the borrower.	
8	(d) The burden of proof of any exemption or classification provided	
9	in this chapter is on the party claiming the exemption or classification.	
10	SECTION 8. IC 24-9 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A	
11	NEW ARTICLE TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,	
12	2004]:	
13	ARTICLE 9. HOME LOAN PRACTICES	
14	Chapter 1. Application	
15	Sec. 1. This article does not apply to:	
16	(1) a loan made or acquired by a person organized or	
17	chartered under the laws of this state, any other state, or the	
18	United States relating to banks, trust companies, savings	
19	associations, saving banks, credit unions, or industrial loan	
20	and investment companies; or	
21	(2) a loan:	
22	(A) that can be purchased by the Federal National	0
23	Mortgage Association, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage	
24	Association, or the Federal Home Loan Bank;	_
25	(B) to be insured by the United States Department of	
26	Housing and Urban Development;	
27	(C) to be guaranteed by the United States Department of	
28	Veterans Affairs;	
29	(D) to be funded by the Indiana housing finance authority;	
30	Or	
31 32	(E) with a principal amount that exceeds the conforming loan size limit for a single family dwelling as established by	
33	the Federal National Mortgage Association.	
34	Chapter 2. Definitions	
35	Sec. 1. The definitions in this chapter apply throughout this	
36	article.	
37	Sec. 2. "Benchmark rate" means the interest rate established	
38	under Section 152 of the Federal Home Ownership and Equity	
39	Protection Act of 1994 (15 U.S.C. 1602 (aa)) and the regulations	
40	adopted under that Act by the Federal Reserve Board, including 12	
41	CFR 226.32 and the Official Staff Commentary to the regulations	
12	as amended	



1	Sec. 3. "Bona fide discount points" means loan discount points
2	that:
3	(1) are knowingly paid by the borrower;
4	(2) are paid for the express purpose of reducing the interest
5	rate applicable to the loan;
6	(3) reduce the interest rate from an interest rate that does not
7	exceed the benchmark rate; and
8	(4) are recouped within the first four (4) years of the
9	scheduled loan payments;
10	if the reduction in the interest rate that is achieved by the payment
11	of the loan discount points reduces the interest charged on the
12	scheduled payments so that the borrower's dollar amount of
13	savings in interest during the first four (4) years of the loan is equal
14	to or greater than the dollar amount of loan discount points paid
15	by the borrower.
16	Sec. 4. "Borrower" means a person obligated to repay a home
17	loan, including a coborrower, cosigner, or guarantor.
18	Sec. 5. "Bridge loan" means temporary or short term financing
19	with a maturity of less than eighteen (18) months that requires
20	payments of interest only until the entire unpaid balance is due and
21	payable.
22	Sec. 6. (a) "Creditor" means:
23	(1) a person:
24	(A) who regularly extends consumer credit that is subject
25	to a finance charge or that is payable by written agreement
26	in more than four (4) installments; and
27	(B) to whom the debt arising from a home loan transaction
28	is initially payable; or
29	(2) a person who brokers a home loan, including a person
30	who:
31	(A) directly or indirectly solicits, processes, places, or
32	negotiates home loans for others;
33 34	(B) offers to solicit, process, place, or negotiate home loans for others; or
34 35	(C) closes home loans that may be in the person's own
36	name with funds provided by others and that are
30 37	thereafter assigned to the person providing funding for the
38	loans.
39	(b) The term does not include:
40	(1) a servicer;
41	(2) a state or local housing finance authority;
42	(3) any other state or local governmental or
	te, min, contract or record Ecolorismental Of



1	quasi-governmental entity; or	
2	(4) an attorney providing legal services in association with the	
3	closing of a home loan.	
4	Sec. 7. "Deceptive act" means an act or a practice as part of a	
5	consumer credit mortgage transaction involving real property	
6	located in Indiana in which a person:	
7	(1) knowingly or intentionally makes a material	
8	misrepresentation;	
9	(2) knowingly or intentionally conceals material information	
0	regarding the terms or conditions of the transaction; or	
1	(3) knowingly or intentionally consummates the credit	
2	mortgage transaction with the knowledge that the borrower	
3	will be unable to successfully fulfill the terms or conditions of	
4	the mortgage loan based upon the borrower's finances at the	
.5	time of the consummation.	
6	Sec. 8. "High cost home loan" means a home loan with:	
7	(1) a trigger rate that exceeds the benchmark rate; or	U
8	(2) total points and fees that exceed five percent (5%) of the	
9	loan principal.	
20	Sec. 9. "Home loan" means a loan, other than an open end	
21	credit plan or a reverse mortgage transaction, that is secured by a:	
22	(1) mortgage or deed of trust on real estate in Indiana on	
23	which there is located or will be located a structure or	
24	structures:	
25	(A) designed primarily for occupancy of one (1) to four (4)	
26	families; and	
27	(B) that is or will be occupied by a borrower as the	
28	borrower's principal dwelling; or	V
29	(2) security interest on a manufactured home that is or will be	
0	occupied by a borrower as the borrower's principal dwelling.	
31	Sec. 10. (a) "Manufactured home" means a structure that is:	
32	(1) transportable in one (1) or more sections that are greater	
3	than or equal to:	
4	(A) eight (8) body feet in width; or	
55	(B) forty (40) body feet in length;	
66	(2) built on a permanent chassis; and	
57	(3) designed to be used as a dwelling:	
8	(A) with a permanent foundation when erected on land	
19	secured in conjunction with the real property on which the	
10	manufactured home is located;	
1	(B) that is connected to utilities; and	
,	11 That contains nlumbing boating and alactrical systems	



1	(b) The term includes a structure:	
2	(1) that meets all requirements of subsection (a)(1); and	
3	(2) with respect to which the manufacturer:	
4	(A) voluntarily files a certification required by the United	
5	States Department of Housing and Urban Development;	
6	and	
7	(B) complies with the standards established under the	
8	federal National Manufactured Housing Construction and	
9	Safety Standards Act (42 U.S.C. 5401 et seq.).	
10	(c) The term does not include:	
11	(1) rental property;	
12	(2) second homes; or	
13	(3) manufactured homes if not secured in conjunction with the	
14	real property on which the manufactured home is located.	
15	Sec. 11. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), "points and	
16	fees" means the total of the following:	
17	(1) Points and fees (as defined in 12 CFR 226.32(b)(1) on	U
18	January 1, 2004).	
19	(2) All compensation paid directly or indirectly to a mortgage	
20	broker, including a broker that originates a loan in the	
21	broker's own name.	
22	(b) The term does not include the following:	
23	(1) Not more than two (2) bona fide discount points.	
24	(2) Interest prepaid by the borrower for the month in which	
25	the home loan is closed.	
26	Sec. 12. "Rate" means the interest rate charged on a home loan,	
27	based on an annual simple interest yield.	
28	Sec. 13. "Total loan amount" means the principal of the home	V
29	loan minus the points and fees that are included in the principal	
30	amount of the loan.	
31	Sec. 14. "Trigger rate" means:	
32	(1) for fixed rate home loans in which the interest rate will not	
33	vary during the term of the loan, the rate as of the date of	
34	closing;	
35	(2) for home loans in which the interest varies according to an	
36	index, the sum of the index rate as of the date of closing plus	
37	the maximum margin permitted at any time under the loan	
38	agreement; or	
39	(3) for all other home loans in which the rate may vary at any	
40	time during the term of the loan, the maximum rate that may	
41	be charged during the term of the home loan.	
42	Chapter 3. Prohibited Lending Practices Generally	



I	Sec. I. (a) A creditor making a home loan may not finance,
2	directly or indirectly, any:
3	(1) credit life insurance;
4	(2) credit disability insurance;
5	(3) credit unemployment insurance;
6	(4) credit property insurance; or
7	(5) payments directly or indirectly for any cancellation
8	suspension agreement or contract.
9	(b) Insurance premiums, debt cancellation fees, or suspension
10	fees calculated and paid on a monthly basis are not considered to
11	be financed by the creditor for purposes of this chapter.
12	Sec. 2. (a) A creditor may not replace or consolidate a zero (0)
13	interest rate or other subsidized low rate loan made by a
14	governmental or nonprofit lender with a high cost home loan
15	within the first ten (10) years of the subsidized low rate loan unless
16	the current holder of the loan consents in writing to the
17	refinancing.
18	(b) For purposes of this section, a "subsidized low rate loan" is
19	a loan that carries a current interest rate of at least two (2)
20	percentage points below the current yield on treasury securities
21	with a comparable maturity. If the loan's current interest rate is
22	either a discounted introductory rate or a rate that automatically
23	steps up over time, the fully indexed rate or the fully stepped up
24	rate, as appropriate, should be used instead of the current rate to
25	determine whether a loan is a subsidized low rate loan.
26	Sec. 3. A creditor may not recommend or encourage default on
27	an existing loan or other debt before and in connection with the
28	closing or planned closing of a home loan that refinances all or part
29	of the existing loan or debt.
30	Sec. 4. A creditor shall treat each payment made by a borrower
31	in regards to a home loan as posted on the same business day as the
32	payment was received by the creditor, servicer, or creditor's agent,
33	or at the address provided to the borrower by the creditor,
34	servicer, or creditor's agent for making payments.
35	Sec. 5. (a) A home loan agreement may not contain a provision
36	that permits the creditor, in the creditor's sole discretion, to
37	accelerate the indebtedness without material cause.
38	(b) This section does not prohibit acceleration of a home loan in
39	good faith due to the borrower's failure to abide by the material
40	terms of the loan.
41	Sec. 6. A creditor may not charge a fee for informing or
42	transmitting to a person the balance due to pay off a home loan or



1	to provide a written release upon prepayment. A creditor must	
2	provide a payoff balance not later than ten (10) business days after	
3	the request is received by the creditor.	
4	Sec. 7. A creditor may not:	
5	(1) divide a loan transaction into separate parts with the	
6	intent of evading a provision of this article;	
7	(2) structure a home loan transaction as an open-end loan	
8	with the intent of evading the provisions of this article if the	
9	loan would be a high cost home loan if the home loan had been	
10	structured as a closed-end loan;	
11	(3) engage in a deceptive act when making a home loan; or	
12	(4) engage in any other subterfuge with the intent of evading	
13	a provision of this article.	
14	Sec. 8. It is unlawful for a creditor to discriminate against any	
15	applicant with respect to any aspect of a credit transaction on the	
16	basis of race, color, religion, national origin, sex, marital status, or	
17	age, if the applicant has the ability to contract.	
18	Chapter 4. Additional Prohibitions for High Cost Home Loans	
19	Sec. 1. The following additional limitations and prohibited	
20	practices apply to a high cost home loan:	
21	(1) A creditor making a high cost home loan may not directly	
22	or indirectly finance any points and fees.	
23	(2) Prepayment fees or penalties may not be included in the	
24	loan documents for a high cost home loan or charged to the	
25	borrower if the fees or penalties exceed in total two percent	
26	(2%) of the high cost home loan amount prepaid during the	
27	first twenty-four (24) months after the high cost home loan	
28	closing.	V
29	(3) A prepayment penalty may not be contracted for after the	
30	second year following the high cost home loan closing.	
31	(4) A creditor may not include a prepayment penalty fee in a	
32	high cost home loan unless the creditor offers the borrower	
33	the option of choosing a loan product without a prepayment	
34	fee. The terms of the offer must be made in writing and must	
35	be initialed by the borrower. The document containing the	
36	offer must be clearly labeled in large bold type and must	
37	include the following disclosure:	
38	"LOAN PRODUCT CHOICE	
39	I was provided with an offer to accept a product both with	
40	and without a prepayment penalty provision. I have chosen	
41 12	to accept the product with a prepayment penalty.".	
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1	directly or indirectly, any life or health insurance.	
2	Sec. 2. A creditor may not knowingly or intentionally:	
3	(1) refinance a high cost home loan by charging points and	
4	fees on the part of the proceeds of the new high cost home	
5	loan that is used to refinance the existing high cost loan within	
6	four (4) years of the origination of the existing high cost home	
7	loan; or	
8	(2) divide a home loan transaction into multiple transactions	
9	with the effect of evading this article. Where multiple	
.0	transactions are involved, the total points and fees charged in	4
1	all transactions shall be considered when determining	
2	whether the protections of this section apply.	•
3	Sec. 3. Notwithstanding IC 24-4.5-3-402, a high cost home loan	
4	agreement may not require a scheduled payment that is more than	
.5	twice as large as the average of earlier scheduled monthly	
6	payments under the high cost home loan agreement unless the	4
7	payment becomes due and payable at least one hundred twenty	
8	(120) months after the date of the high cost home loan. This	
9	prohibition does not apply if:	
20	(1) the payment schedule is adjusted to account for the	
21	seasonal or irregular income of the borrower; or	
22	(2) the loan is a bridge loan connected with or related to the	
23	acquisition or construction of a dwelling intended to become	
24	the borrower's principal dwelling.	
25	Sec. 4. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), a high cost home	
26	loan may not include payment terms under which the outstanding	
27	principal balance will increase at any time over the course of the	T
28	high cost home loan because the regular periodic payments do not	
29	cover the full amount of interest due.	
0	(b) This section does not apply to a temporary forbearance that	
1	is requested by a borrower regarding a high cost home loan.	
32	Sec. 5. A high cost home loan may not contain a provision that	
33	increases the interest rate after default. However, this section does	
34	not apply to interest rate changes in a variable rate loan otherwise	
35	consistent with the provisions of the high cost home loan	
66	documents if the change in the interest rate is not triggered by the	
37	event of default or the acceleration of the indebtedness.	
8	Sec. 6. A high cost home loan may not include terms under	
9	which more than two (2) periodic payments required under the	
10	high cost home loan are consolidated and paid in advance from the	
1	high cost home loan proceeds provided to the borrower.	
12	Sec. 7. A creditor may not make a high cost home loan without	



1	first providing the borrower information to facilitate contact with	
2	a nonprofit counseling agency certified by:	
3	(1) the United States Department of Housing and Urban	
4	Development; or	
5	(2) the Indiana housing finance authority under	
6	IC 5-20-1-15.5;	
7	at the same time as the good faith estimates are provided to the	
8	borrower in accordance with the requirements of the federal Real	
9	Estate Settlement Procedures Act (12 U.S.C. 2601 et seq.) as	
10	amended.	4
11	Sec. 8. (a) A creditor may not make a high cost home loan	
12	without regard to repayment ability.	
13	(b) If a creditor presents evidence that the creditor followed	
14	commercially reasonable practices in determining the borrower's	
15	debt to income ratio, there is a rebuttable presumption that the	
16	creditor made the high cost home loan with due regard to	4
17	repayment ability. For purposes of this section, there is a	
18	rebuttable presumption that the borrower's statement of income	
19	provided to the creditor is true and complete.	
20	(c) Commercially reasonable practices include the use of:	
21	(1) the debt to income ratio:	
22	(A) listed in 38 CFR 36.4337(c)(1); and	
23	(B) defined in 38 CFR 36.4337(d); and	
24	(2) the residual income guidelines established under:	_
25	(A) 38 CFR 36.4337(e); and	
26	(B) United States Department of Veterans Affairs form	
27	26-6393.	
28	Sec. 9. A creditor may not pay a contractor under a home	
29	improvement contract from the proceeds of a high cost home loan	4
30	unless:	
31	(1) the creditor is presented with a signed and dated	
32	completion certificate showing that the home improvements	
33	have been completed; and	
34	(2) the instrument is payable to the borrower or jointly to the	
35	borrower and the contractor or, at the election of the	
36	borrower, through a third party escrow agent under a written	
37	agreement signed by the borrower, the creditor, and the	
38	contractor before the disbursement.	
39	Sec. 10. A creditor may not charge a borrower any fees or other	
40	charges to modify, renew, extend, or amend a high cost home loan	
41	or to defer a payment due under the terms of a high cost home	



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loan.

1	Sec. 11. A creditor may not make a high cost home loan unless	
2	the creditor has given the following notice, in writing, to the	
3	borrower not later than the time that notice is required under 12	
4	CFR 226.31(c):	
5	"NOTICE TO BORROWER	
6	YOU SHOULD BE AWARE THAT YOU MIGHT BE ABLE	
7	TO OBTAIN A LOAN AT A LOWER COST. YOU SHOULD	
8	COMPARE LOAN RATES, COSTS, AND FEES.	
9	MORTGAGE LOAN RATES AND CLOSING COSTS AND	
10	FEES VARY BASED ON MANY FACTORS, INCLUDING	
11	YOUR PARTICULAR CREDIT AND FINANCIAL	
12	CIRCUMSTANCES, YOUR EMPLOYMENT HISTORY,	
13	THE LOAN-TO-VALUE REQUESTED, AND THE TYPE	
14	OF PROPERTY THAT WILL SECURE YOUR LOAN. THE	
15	LOAN RATE, COSTS, AND FEES COULD ALSO VARY	
16	BASED ON WHICH CREDITOR OR BROKER YOU	
17	SELECT.	
18	IF YOU ACCEPT THE TERMS OF THIS LOAN, THE	
19	CREDITOR WILL HAVE A MORTGAGE LIEN ON YOUR	
20	HOME. YOU COULD LOSE YOUR HOME AND ANY	
21	MONEY YOU HAVE PAID IF YOU DO NOT MEET YOUR	
22	PAYMENT OBLIGATIONS UNDER THE LOAN.	
23	YOU SHOULD CONSULT AN ATTORNEY AND A	
24	QUALIFIED INDEPENDENT CREDIT COUNSELOR OR	
25	OTHER EXPERIENCED FINANCIAL ADVISER	
26	REGARDING THE RATE, FEES, AND PROVISIONS OF	
27	THIS MORTGAGE LOAN BEFORE YOU PROCEED. A	
28	LIST OF QUALIFIED COUNSELORS IS AVAILABLE	V
29	FROM THE INDIANA HOUSING FINANCE AUTHORITY.	
30	YOU ARE NOT REQUIRED TO COMPLETE THIS LOAN	
31	AGREEMENT MERELY BECAUSE YOU HAVE	
32	RECEIVED THIS DISCLOSURE OR HAVE SIGNED A	
33	LOAN APPLICATION. REMEMBER, PROPERTY TAXES	
34	AND HOMEOWNER'S INSURANCE ARE YOUR	
35	RESPONSIBILITY. NOT ALL CREDITORS PROVIDE	
36	ESCROW SERVICES FOR THESE PAYMENTS. YOU	
37	SHOULD ASK YOUR CREDITOR ABOUT THESE	
38	SERVICES.	
39	ALSO, YOUR PAYMENTS ON EXISTING DEBTS	
40	CONTRIBUTE TO YOUR CREDIT RATINGS. YOU	
41	SHOULD NOT ACCEPT ANY ADVICE TO IGNORE	
42	YOUR REGULAR PAYMENTS TO YOUR EXISTING	



1	CREDITORS.".	
2	Sec. 12. Without regard to whether a borrower is acting	
3	individually or on behalf of others similarly situated, a provision	
4	of a high cost home loan agreement that:	
5	(1) requires arbitration of a claim or defense;	
6	(2) allows a party to require a borrower to assert a claim or	
7	defense in a forum that is:	
8	(A) less convenient;	
9	(B) more costly; or	
0	(C) more dilatory;	
1	for the resolution of the dispute than an Indiana court in	
2	which the borrower may otherwise bring a claim or defense;	
3	or	
4	(3) limits in any way any claim or defense the borrower may	
5	have;	_
6	is unconscionable and void.	
7	Chapter 5. Claims, Defenses, Remedies	U
8	Sec. 1. (a) A person who purchases or is otherwise assigned a	
9	high cost home loan is subject to all affirmative claims and any	
0	defenses with respect to the high cost home loan that the borrower	
1	could assert against a creditor or broker of the high cost home	
2	loan. However, this section does not apply if the purchaser or	
3	assignee demonstrates by a preponderance of the evidence that a	
4	reasonable person exercising ordinary due diligence could not	_
5	determine that the loan was a high cost home loan. A purchaser or	
6	an assignee is presumed to have exercised reasonable due diligence	
7	if the purchaser or assignee:	
8	(1) has in place at the time of the purchase or assignment of	V
9	the subject loans, policies that expressly prohibit the purchase	
0	or acceptance of the assignment of any high cost home loans;	
1	(2) requires by contract that a seller or an assignor of home	
2	loans to the purchaser or assignee represents and warrants to	
3	the purchaser or assignee that either:	
4	(A) the seller or assignor will not sell or reassign any high	
5	cost home loans to the purchaser or assignee; or	
6	(B) the seller or assignor is a beneficiary of a	
7	representation and warranty from a previous seller or	
8 9 0 1	assignor to that effect; (3) exercises reasonable due diligence: (A) at the time of purchase or assignment of home loans; or	
2	(B) within a reasonable period after the purchase or	



1	assignment of home loans;
2	intended by the purchaser or assignee to prevent the
3	purchaser or assignee from purchasing or taking assignment
4	of any high cost home loans; or
5	(4) satisfies the requirements of subdivisions (1) and (2) and
6	establishes that a reasonable person exercising ordinary due
7	diligence could not determine that the loan was a high cost
8	home loan based on the:
9	(A) documentation required by the federal Truth in
10	Lending Act (15 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.); and
11	(B) itemization of the amount financed and other
12	disbursement disclosures.
13	(b) A borrower acting only in an individual capacity may assert
14	against the creditor or any subsequent holder or assignee of a high
15	cost home loan:
16	(1) a violation of IC 24-9-4-2 as a defense, claim, or
17	counterclaim, after:
18	(A) an action to enjoin foreclosure or to preserve or obtain
19	possession of the dwelling that secures the loan is initiated;
20	(B) an action to collect on the loan or foreclose on the
21	collateral securing the loan is initiated; or
22	(C) the loan is more than sixty (60) days in default;
23	within three (3) years after the closing of a home loan;
24	(2) a violation of this article in connection to the high cost
25	home loan as a defense, claim, or counterclaim in an original
26	action within five (5) years after the closing of a high cost
27	home loan; and
28	(3) any defense, claim, counterclaim, or action to enjoin
29	foreclosure or preserve or obtain possession of the home that
30	secures the loan, including a violation of this article after:
31	(A) an action to collect on the loan or foreclose on the
32	collateral securing the loan is initiated;
33	(B) the debt arising from the loan is accelerated; or
34	(C) the loan is more than sixty (60) days in default;
35	at any time during the term of a high cost home loan.
36	(c) In an action, a claim, or a counterclaim brought under
37	subsection (b), the borrower may recover only amounts required
38	to reduce or extinguish the borrower's liability under a home loan
39	plus amounts required to recover costs, including reasonable
40	attorney's fees.
41	(d) The provisions of this section are effective notwithstanding

any other provision of law. This section shall not be construed to



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limit the substantive rights, remedies, or procedural rights available to a borrower against any creditor, assignee, or holder under any other law. The rights conferred on borrowers by subsections (a) and (b) are independent of each other and do not
limit each other. Sec. 2. (a) If a creditor asserts that grounds for acceleration
under the terms of a high cost home loan exist and requires the payment in full of all sums secured by the security instrument, the
borrower or a person authorized to act on the borrower's behalf at any time before the title is transferred by means of foreclosure
judicial proceeding and sale, or otherwise may cure the default and reinstate the high cost home loan by tendering the amount or performance as specified in the security instrument.

(b) If the borrower cures the default on a high cost home loan, the original loan terms shall be reinstated, and any acceleration of any obligation under the security instrument or note arising from the default is nullified as of the date of the cure.

- Sec. 3. (a) A creditor making a high cost home loan that has the right to foreclose must use the judicial foreclosure procedures of the state in which the property securing the high cost home loan is located. The borrower has the right to assert in the proceeding the nonexistence of a default and any other claim or defense to acceleration and foreclosure, including any claim or defense based on any violations of this article.
- (b) This section is not intended and shall not be construed to allow any claim or defense otherwise barred by any statute of limitation or repose.
- Sec. 4. (a) A person who violates this article is liable to the borrower for the following:
 - (1) Actual damages, including consequential damages. The borrower is not required to demonstrate reliance in order to receive actual damages.
 - (2) Statutory damages equal to two (2) times the finance charges agreed to in the home loan agreement.
 - (3) Punitive damages, if the violation was malicious.
 - (4) Costs and reasonable attorney's fees.
- (b) A borrower may be granted injunctive, declaratory, and other equitable relief as the court determines appropriate in an action to enforce compliance with this chapter.
- (c) The right of rescission granted under 15 U.S.C. 1601 et seq. for a violation of law is available to a borrower acting only in an individual capacity by way of recoupment as a defense against a











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1	party foreclosing on a home loan at any time during the term of the
2	loan. Any recoupment claim asserted under this provision is
3	limited to the amount required to reduce or extinguish the
4	borrower's liability under the home loan plus amounts required to
5	recover costs, including reasonable attorney's fees. This article
6	shall not be construed to limit the recoupment rights available to
7	a borrower under any other law.
8	(d) The remedies provided in this section are cumulative but are
9	not intended to be the exclusive remedies available to a consumer.
10	A consumer is not required to exhaust any administrative remedies
11	under this article or under any other applicable law.
12	(e) An action under this chapter must be brought within five (5)
13	years after the date that the borrower knew, or by the exercise of
14	reasonable diligence should have known, of the violation of this
15	article.
16	(f) An award of damages under subsection (a) has priority over
17	a civil penalty imposed under this article.
18	Sec. 5. (a) If the creditor or an assignee establishes by a
19	preponderance of evidence that a violation of this article is
20	unintentional or the result of a bona fide error of law or fact
21	notwithstanding the maintenance of procedures reasonably
22	adopted to avoid any such violation or error, the validity of the
23	transaction is not affected, and no liability is imposed under section
24	4 of this chapter except in the case of a refusal to make a refund.
25	(b) Except as provided in subsection (c), a creditor in a high cost
26	home loan who in good faith fails to comply with this article is not
27	considered to have violated this article if the creditor does the
28	following before receiving notice of the failure from the borrower:
29	(1) Not later than ninety (90) days after the date of the loan
30	closing:
31	(A) makes appropriate restitution to the borrower of any
32	amounts collected in error; and
33	(B) takes necessary action to make all appropriate
34	adjustments to the loan to correct the error.
35	(2) Not later than one hundred twenty (120) days after the
36	date of the loan closing, notifies the borrower of:
37	(A) the error; and
38	(B) the amount of the required restitution or adjustment.
39	(c) Subsection (b) does not apply unless the creditor establishes
40	that the compliance failure was not intentional and resulted from

a bona fide error of fact or law, notwithstanding the maintenance

of procedures reasonably adopted to avoid the errors.



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1	Sec. 6. The rights conferred by this article are in addition to
2	rights granted under any other law.
3	Chapter 6. Reporting Requirements
4	Sec. 1. (a) A servicer of a high cost home loan shall report at
5	least once each calendar quarter to a nationally recognized
6	consumer credit reporting agency both the favorable and
7	unfavorable payment history information of the borrower on
8	payments due to the creditor on a high cost home loan.
9	(b) This section does not prohibit a servicer from agreeing with
10	the borrower not to report specified payment history information
11	in the event of a resolved or an unresolved dispute with a borrower
12	and does not apply to high cost home loans held or serviced by a
13	lender for less than ninety (90) days.
14	Chapter 7. Penalties and Enforcement
15	Sec. 1. A person who knowingly or intentionally violates this
16	article commits:
17	(1) a Class A misdemeanor; and
18	(2) an act that is actionable by the attorney general under
19	IC 24-5-0.5 and is subject to the penalties listed in IC 24-5-0.5.
20	Sec. 2. (a) The attorney general and the attorney general's
21	homeowner protection unit established under IC 4-6-12 shall
22	enforce this article for any violation occurring within five (5) years
23	after the making of a home loan.
24	(b) The attorney general may refer a matter under section 1 of
25	this chapter to a prosecuting attorney for enforcement.
26	Sec. 3. (a) The attorney general may bring an action to enjoin a
27	violation of this article. A court in which the action is brought may:
28	(1) issue an injunction;
29	(2) order a person to make restitution;
30	(3) void or limit the application of obligations that violate this
31	article;
32	(4) order a person to reimburse the state for reasonable costs
33	of the attorney general's investigation and prosecution of the
34	violation of this article; and
35	(5) impose a civil penalty of not more than fifteen thousand
36	dollars (\$15,000) per violation.
37	(b) A person who violates an injunction under this section is
38	subject to a civil penalty of not more than ten thousand dollars
39	(\$10,000) per violation.
40	(c) The court that issues an injunction retains jurisdiction over
41	a proceeding seeking the imposition of a civil penalty under this
42	section.



1	Sec. 4. The attorney general may file complaints with any of the
2	agencies listed in IC 4-6-12-4 to implement this chapter.
3	Chapter 8. Fees
4	Sec. 1. The county recorder shall assess a fee of three dollars
5	(\$3) under IC 36-2-7-10(b)(11) for each mortgage recorded. The
6	fee shall be paid to the county treasurer at the end of each calendar
7	month as provided in IC 36-2-7-10(a).
8	Sec. 2. The county treasurer shall credit fifty cents (\$0.50) of the
9	fee collected under IC 36-2-7-10(b)(11) for each mortgage recorded
10	to the county recorder's records perpetuation fund established
11	under IC 36-2-7-10(c).
12	Sec. 3. On or before June 20 and December 20 of each year,
13	after completing an audit of the county treasurer's monthly reports
14	required by IC 36-2-10-16, the county auditor shall distribute to
15	the auditor of state two dollars and fifty cents (\$2.50) of the
16	mortgage recording fee collected under IC 36-2-7-10(b)(11) for
17	each mortgage recorded by the county recorder.
18	Sec. 4. The auditor of state shall distribute one dollar and
19	twenty-five cents (\$1.25) of the mortgage recording fee to the home
20	ownership training account established by IC 5-20-1-15.6. The
21	auditor of state shall credit one dollar and twenty-five cents (\$1.25)
22	of the mortgage recording fee to the homeowner protection unit
23	account established by IC 4-6-12-10.
24	SECTION 9. IC 34-7-4-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2002,
25	SECTION 90, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
26	JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 2. Statutes outside IC 34 providing causes of
27	action or procedures include the following:
28	(1) IC 4-21.5-5 (Judicial review of administrative agency actions).
29	(2) IC 22-3-4 (Worker's compensation administration and
30	procedures).
31	(3) IC 22-4-17 (Unemployment compensation system, employee's
32	claims for benefits).
33	(4) IC 22-4-32 (Unemployment compensation system, employer's
34	appeal process).
35	(5) IC 22-9 (Civil rights actions).
36	(6) IC 24-9 (Home loans).
37	(7) IC 31-14 (Paternity).
38	(7) (8) IC 31-15 (Dissolution of marriage and legal separation).
39	(8) (9) IC 31-16 (Support of children and other dependants).
40	(9) (10) IC 31-17 (Custody and visitation).
41	(10) (11) IC 31-19 (Adoption).
12.	(11) (12) IC 32-27-2 IC 32-30-1 IC 32-30-2 IC 32-30-2 1



1	IC 32-30-2, IC 32-30-4, IC 32-30-9, IC 32-30-10, IC 32-30-12,
2	IC 32-30-13, and IC 32-30-14 (Real property).
3	(12) (13) IC 33-1-3 (Attorney liens).
4	SECTION 10. IC 36-2-7-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2003,
5	SECTION 101, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
6	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 10. (a) The county recorder shall
7	tax and collect the fees prescribed by this section for recording, filing,
8	copying, and other services the recorder renders, and shall pay them
9	into the county treasury at the end of each calendar month. The fees
10	prescribed and collected under this section supersede all other
11	recording fees required by law to be charged for services rendered by
12	the county recorder.
13	(b) The county recorder shall charge the following:
14	(1) Six dollars (\$6) for the first page and two dollars (\$2) for each
15	additional page of any document the recorder records if the pages
16	are not larger than eight and one-half (8 1/2) inches by fourteen
17	(14) inches.
18	(2) Fifteen dollars (\$15) for the first page and five dollars (\$5) for
19	each additional page of any document the recorder records, if the
20	pages are larger than eight and one-half (8 1/2) inches by fourteen
21	(14) inches.
22	(3) For attesting to the release, partial release, or assignment of
23	any mortgage, judgment, lien, or oil and gas lease contained on a
24	multiple transaction document, the fee for each transaction after
25	the first is the amount provided in subdivision (1) plus the amount
26	provided in subdivision (4) and one dollar (\$1) for marginal
27	mortgage assignments or marginal mortgage releases.
28	(4) One dollar (\$1) for each cross-reference of a recorded
29	document.
30	(5) One dollar (\$1) per page not larger than eight and one-half
31	(8 1/2) inches by fourteen (14) inches for furnishing copies of
32	records produced by a photographic process, and two dollars (\$2)
33	per page that is larger than eight and one-half (8 1/2) inches by
34	fourteen (14) inches.
35	(6) Five dollars (\$5) for acknowledging or certifying to a
36	document.
37	(7) Five dollars (\$5) for each deed the recorder records, in
38	addition to other fees for deeds, for the county surveyor's corner
39	perpetuation fund for use as provided in IC 32-19-4-3 or
40	IC 36-2-12-11(e).
41	(8) A fee in an amount authorized under IC 5-14-3-8 for

transmitting a copy of a document by facsimile machine.



41

1	(9) A fee in an amount authorized by an ordinance adopted by the
2	county legislative body for duplicating a computer tape, a
3	computer disk, an optical disk, microfilm, or similar media. This
4	fee may not cover making a handwritten copy or a photocopy or
5	using xerography or a duplicating machine.
6	(10) A supplemental fee of three dollars (\$3) for recording a
7	document that is paid at the time of recording. The fee under this
8	subdivision is in addition to other fees provided by law for
9	recording a document.
10	(11) Three dollars (\$3) for each mortgage on real estate
11	recorded, in addition to other fees required by this section,
12	distributed as follows:
13	(A) Fifty cents (\$0.50) is to be deposited in the recorder's
14	record perpetuation fund.
15	(B) Two dollars and fifty cents (\$2.50) is to be distributed
16	to the auditor of state on or before June 20 and December
17	20 of each year as provided in IC 24-9-8-4.
18	(c) The county treasurer shall establish a recorder's records
19	perpetuation fund. All revenue received under subsection (b)(5), (b)(8),
20	(b)(9), and (b)(10), and fifty cents (\$0.50) from revenue received
21	under subsection (b)(11), shall be deposited in this fund. The county
22	recorder may use any money in this fund without appropriation for the
23	preservation of records and the improvement of record keeping systems
24	and equipment.
25	(d) As used in this section, "record" or "recording" includes the
26	functions of recording, filing, and filing for record.
27	(e) The county recorder shall post the fees set forth in subsection (b)
28	in a prominent place within the county recorder's office where the fee
29	schedule will be readily accessible to the public.
30	(f) The county recorder may not tax or collect any fee for:
31	(1) recording an official bond of a public officer, a deputy, an
32	appointee, or an employee; or
33	(2) performing any service under any of the following:
34	(A) IC 6-1.1-22-2(c).
35	(B) IC 8-23-7.
36	(C) IC 8-23-23.
37	(D) IC 10-17-2-3.
38	(E) IC 10-17-3-2.
39	(F) IC 12-14-13.
40	(G) IC 12-14-16.
41	(g) The state and its agencies and instrumentalities are required to
42	pay the recording fees and charges that this section prescribes.



1	SECTION 11. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] Beginning	
2	January 1, 2005, the attorney general shall carry out the duties	
3	imposed on the attorney general under IC 4-6-12 and IC 24-9, both	
4	as added by this act.	
5	SECTION 12. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] (a)	
6	Notwithstanding IC 5-20-1-15.5, as added by this act, the Indiana	
7	housing finance authority shall carry out the duties imposed on it	
8	under IC 5-20-1-15.5, as added by this act, under interim written	
9	guidelines approved by the executive director of the Indiana	
10	housing finance authority.	
11	(b) This SECTION expires on the earlier of the following:	
12	(1) The date rules are adopted under IC 5-20-1-15.5(a)(2), as	
13	added by this act.	
14	(2) January 1, 2005.	
15	SECTION 13. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] Notwithstanding	
16	IC 24-9, as added by this act, a person may not file a civil action	
17	under IC 24-9, as added by this act, before January 1, 2005.	U
18	SECTION 14. An emergency is declared for this act.	
		V



COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Judiciary, to which was referred House Bill 1229, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 3, line 20, delete "to develop and implement" and insert "in the development and implementation of".

Page 3, line 29, after "The" insert "homeowner protection unit".

Page 3, line 30, after "administering the" insert "homeowner protection unit".

Page 3, line 32, after "in the" insert "homeowner protection unit".

Page 3, line 36, after "the" insert "homeowner protection unit".

Page 3, line 37, after "in the" insert "homeowner protection unit".

Page 9, line 18, after "The" insert "home ownership training".

Page 9, line 19, after "administering the" insert "home ownership training".

Page 9, line 21, after "in the" insert "home ownership training".

Page 9, line 25, after "the" insert "home ownership training".

Page 9, line 26, after "in the" insert "home ownership training".

Page 9, line 27, delete "However, if the amount of money".

Page 9, delete lines 28 through 31.

Page 12, delete lines 15 through 23, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"Sec. 1. This article does not apply to:

(1) a loan made or acquired by a person organized or chartered under the laws of this state, any other state, or the United States relating to banks, trust companies, savings associations, saving banks, credit unions, or industrial loan and investment companies; or

(2) a loan:

- (A) that can be purchased by the Federal National Mortgage Association, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association, or the Federal Home Loan Bank;
- (B) to be insured by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development;
- (C) to be guaranteed by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs;
- (D) to be funded by the Indiana housing finance authority; or
- (E) with a principal amount that exceeds the conforming loan size limit for a single family dwelling as established by the Federal National Mortgage Association.".

HB 1229—LS 7315/DI 108+











Page 13, delete lines 36 through 42

Page 14, delete lines 1 through 15, begin a new paragraph and insert:

- Sec. 7. "Deceptive act" means an act or a practice as part of a consumer credit mortgage transaction involving real property located in Indiana in which a person:
 - (1) knowingly or intentionally makes a material misrepresentation;
 - (2) knowingly or intentionally conceals material information regarding the terms or conditions of the transaction; or
 - (3) knowingly or intentionally consummates the credit mortgage transaction with the knowledge that the borrower will be unable to successfully fulfill the terms or conditions of the mortgage loan based upon the borrower's finances at the time of the consummation.

Page 14, line 16, delete "9." and insert "8.".

Page 14, line 20, delete "10." and insert "9.".

Page 14, line 20, after "than" insert "an open end credit plan or"

Page 14, line 31, delete "11." and insert "10.".

Page 15, delete lines 15 though 38, begin a new paragraph and insert:

- "Sec. 11. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), "points and fees" means the total of the following:
 - (1) Points and fees (as defined in 12 CFR 226.32(b)(1) on January 1, 2004).
 - (2) All compensation paid directly or indirectly to a mortgage broker, including a broker that originates a loan in the broker's own name.
 - (b) The term does not include the following:
 - (1) Not more than two (2) bona fide discount points.
 - (2) Interest prepaid by the borrower for the month in which the home loan is closed.".

Page 15, line 39, delete "13." and insert "12.".

Page 15, line 41, delete "14." and insert "13.".

Page 15, line 41, delete "means:" and insert "means".

Page 15, line 42, delete "(1)".

Page 15, run in lines 41 through 42

Page 16, line 1, delete "loan; or" and insert "loan.".

Page 16, delete lines 2 through 3.

Page 16, line 4, delete "15." and insert "14.".

Page 16, line 21, after "insurance;" insert "or".

Page 16, delete line 22.













Page 16, line 23, delete "(6)" and insert "(5)".

Page 16, delete lines 28 through 38, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"Sec. 2. (a) A creditor may not replace or consolidate a zero (0) interest rate or other subsidized low rate loan made by a governmental or nonprofit lender with a high cost home loan within the first ten (10) years of the subsidized low rate loan unless the current holder of the loan consents in writing to the refinancing.

(b) For purposes of this section, a "subsidized low rate loan" is a loan that carries a current interest rate of at least two (2) percentage points below the current yield on treasury securities with a comparable maturity. If the loan's current interest rate is either a discounted introductory rate or a rate that automatically steps up over time, the fully indexed rate or the fully stepped up rate, as appropriate, should be used instead of the current rate to determine whether a loan is a subsidized low rate loan."

Page 17, line 1, delete "(a) Notwithstanding IC 24-4.5-3-203.5, a creditor may"

Page 17, delete lines 2 through 25.

Page 17, line 26, delete "(b)".

Page 17, run in lines 1 and 26.

Page 17, line 26, after "payment" insert "made by a borrower in regards to a home loan".

Page 17, line 27, delete "date" and insert "business day".

Page 17, line 32, delete "indebtedness." and insert "indebtedness without material cause."

Page 17, delete lines 41 through 42.

Page 18, delete lines 1 through 13.

Page 18, line 14, delete "8." and insert "7.".

Page 18, line 19, after "the" insert "home".

Page 18, line 24, delete "9." and insert "8.".

Page 19, between lines 9 and 10, begin a new line block indented and insert:

"(5) A creditor making a high cost home loan may not finance, directly or indirectly, any life or health insurance.

Sec. 2. A creditor may not knowingly or intentionally:

(1) refinance a high cost home loan by charging points and fees on the part of the proceeds of the new high cost home loan that is used to refinance the existing high cost loan within four (4) years of the origination of the existing high cost home loan; or

HB 1229—LS 7315/DI 108+











(2) divide a home loan transaction into multiple transactions with the effect of evading this article. Where multiple transactions are involved, the total points and fees charged in all transactions shall be considered when determining whether the protections of this section apply."

Page 19, line 10, delete "2." and insert "3.".

Page 19, line 21, delete "obligor's" and insert "borrower's".

Page 19, line 22, delete "3. A" and insert "4. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), a".

Page 19, between lines 25 and 26, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"(b) This section does not apply to a temporary forbearance that is requested by a borrower regarding a high cost home loan.".

Page 19, line 26, delete "4." and insert "5.".

Page 19, line 32, delete "5." and insert "6.".

Page 19, line 36, delete "6." and insert "7.".

Page 20, line 5, delete "7." and insert "8.".

Page 20, line 22, delete "8." and insert "9.".

Page 20, line 33, delete "9." and insert "10.".

Page 20, line 37, delete "10." and insert "11.".

Page 21, between lines 37 and 38, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"Sec. 12. Without regard to whether a borrower is acting individually or on behalf of others similarly situated, a provision of a high cost home loan agreement that:

- (1) requires arbitration of a claim or defense;
- (2) allows a party to require a borrower to assert a claim or defense in a forum that is:
 - (A) less convenient;
 - (B) more costly; or
 - (C) more dilatory;

for the resolution of the dispute than an Indiana court in which the borrower may otherwise bring a claim or defense; or

(3) limits in any way any claim or defense the borrower may have;

is unconscionable and void.".

Page 22, line 35, after "of a" insert "high cost".

Page 22, line 37, delete "IC 24-9-3-2" and insert "IC 24-9-4-2".

Page 23, delete line 36.

Page 23, line 37, delete "default had not occurred," and insert "the original loan terms shall be reinstated,".

Page 23, run in lines 35 and 37.

Page 24, line 15, delete "malicious or" and insert "malicious.".

HB 1229—LS 7315/DI 108+



C







Page 24, delete line 16.

Page 24, delete lines 35 through 40, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"(e) An action under this chapter must be brought within five (5) years after the date that the borrower knew, or by the exercise of reasonable diligence should have known, of the violation of this article."

Page 25, line 11, delete "compliance".

Page 25, line 13, delete "thirty (30)" and insert "ninety (90)".

Page 25, line 14, delete "closing, makes:" and insert "closing:".

Page 25, line 15, after "(A)" insert "makes".

Page 25, line 17, after "(B)" insert "takes necessary action to make".

Page 25, line 19, delete "sixty (60)" and insert "one hundred twenty (120)".

Page 25, line 21, delete "compliance".

Page 25, line 25, delete "error," and insert "error of fact or law,".

Page 25, line 26, delete "For purposes of this".

Page 25, delete lines 27 through 31.

Page 25, line 36, delete "monthly" and insert "once each calendar quarter".

Page 26, line 27, delete "that fifteen" and insert "than ten".

Page 26, line 28, delete "(\$15,000)" and insert "(\$10,000)".

Page 29, delete lines 32 through 42.

Page 30, delete lines 1 through 24.

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1229 as introduced.)

LAWSON L, Chair

Committee Vote: yeas 9, nays 3.

